## **AMENDMENT**

## In the Claims:

Please add new claim 11, and cancel instant claims 1-7 and 10, as follows

- 1.-7. (canceled)
- 8. (previously presented) A method of preparing an ambient curable aqueous dispersion of polymer particles, said method comprising the steps of:
  - (i) preparing polymer particles having one or more stages, by:
- (a) preparing a first stage polymer containing at least one epoxy group and at least one pendant ethylenically unsaturated side chain by:
- (I) preparing a precursor polymer containing at least one epoxy group by the free radical addition polymerization of at least one ethylenically unsaturated monomer, and then
- (II) forming at least one pendant ethylenically unsaturated side chain on said precursor polymer by reacting said at least one epoxy group on said precursor polymer with at least one co-reactive olefinic material;
- (b) optionally preparing a second stage polymer comprising from 2% to 50% by weight of a copolymerized monomer having carboxylic acid functionality; and

optionally preparing a third stage polymer, said third stage polymer having no epoxy functionality, and less than 2% by weight of a copolymerized monomer having carboxylic acid functionality.

9.-10. (canceled)

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11. (new) The method as claimed in claim 8, wherein the said aqueous dispersion further comprises a strong base catalyst is chosen from trimethylamine, triethylamine, tripropylamine, tributylamine, diisopropylamine, diisobutylamine, dimethylethanolamine, methyldiethanolamine, triethanolamine, benzyldimethylamine, dibenzylmethylamine, tri(dimethylaminopropyl)amine, methyldicyclohexylamine, trimethylaminopropylethanolamine, pentamethyldipropylenetriamine, bis(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4 piperidyl) sebacate, triacetoneaminoalcohol, n-butyltriacetonediamine, and N,N-bis(2-hydroxyethyl)-triacetone diamine.